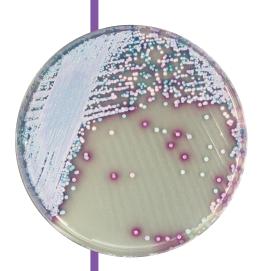


For detection of Malassezia spp.

**Colorex**™



### **Plate Reading**

- Malassezia furfur → large, pale pink and wrinkled
- Other Malassezia spp including M. globosa & M. restricta → mostly pink to purple



# For detection of Malassezia spp.

## **Background**

Malassezia is a fungi naturally found on the skin of many animals, including humans. On normal healthy skin it does not cause infections, but when the environment of the skin is altered, Malassezia species are able to cause several cutaneous diseases as severe dermatitis or otitis (inflammation of the skin or ears respectively)

## **Medium Performance**

### **EASY AND COLOURFUL DETECTION**

Since members of the genus Malassezia share similar morphological and biochemical characteristics, the use of traditional culture media for differentiating them based on phenotypic features is not suitable. Colorex™ Malassezia was developed with the goal of facilitating not only their detection, but also to improve an algorithm for the differentiation of the most common species (see: Revised Culture-Based System for Identification of Malassezia Species, by Takamasa et al. JCM No-2007)

Typical Appearance of the colonies reported in the study:

M. pachydermatis CBS 1879 → large, pale pink & smooth
M. restricta CBS 7877 → small, pink & smooth
M. dermatis JCM11348 and JCM11470 → small, pale pink & smooth
M. slooffiae CBS 7956 → large, pale pink & smooth
M. obtusa CBS 7876 → medium, pink & rough
M. globosa CBS 7966 → small, purple & smooth
M. sympodialis CBS 7222 → large, pale pink & smooth
M. furfur CBS 1878 → large, pale pink & wrinkled

Extracted from: «Revised Culture-Based System for Identification of Malassezia Species», by Takamasa et al. ICM No-2007

# **Medium Description**

Powder Base	Total 56.3 g/L
	Agar
	Peptones and extracts
	Chromogenic mix
	Chloramphenicol
	Storage at 15/30 °C - pH: 6.3 +/- 0.3
	Shelf Life 3 years
Mandatory Supplements to the Powder Base (Not provided by Colorex): Glycerol	

Usual Samples	Clinical and veterinary samples (skin, ear canals etc.)
Procedure	Direct Streaking. Incubation 72 h at 30-37 °C Aerobic conditions.

